

THE EVENING BULLETIN.

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SANTIAGO CAMPAIGN,

From Inception to Destruction
of Cervera's Fleet.

SAMPSON'S OFFICIAL REPORT

Made Public at Last by Officials of
the War Department.

MOOTED QUESTIONS SET TO REST.

Side Lights Thrown Upon the Instructions, Movements and Operations of the American Squadron While Trailing Cervera's Ships.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The navy department has made public that portion of Admiral Sampson's report covering the conduct of the fleet under his command, in its operations in the West Indies for about two months prior to the destruction of Admiral Cervera's ships on July 3.

The report is dated Aug. 3, on the flagship New York, and begins with a statement of the determination reached by the navy department to send a squadron to the Windward passage for the purpose of observation, because of information received of the sailing April 29 of Admiral Cervera's squadron from the Cape Verde islands. On the voyage eastward from the naval base at Key West, which began May 4, Admiral Sampson reports there was experienced endless trouble and delay because of the inefficiency of the two monitors accompanying the other ships and which had to be taken in tow. Their coal supply was so small that it was at once evident that they must either frequently coal or be towed.

Among the telegrams received by the admiral from the department at Washington when off Cape Haitien was the following:

"Do not risk or cripple your vessels against fortifications as to prevent from soon afterwards successfully fighting Spanish fleet composed of Pelayo, Carlos V, Oquendo, Vizcaya, Maria Teresa, Cristobal Colon and four deep sea torpedo boats if they should appear on this side. Long."

STORMING OF SAN JUAN.

On May 8 there was a consultation on board the flagship, and the admiral says that he decided to stand on the eastward as far as San Juan, Porto Rico, on the chance of finding the Spanish squadron in that port. The squadron arrived off San Juan on the 12th and the bombardment of the place ensued.

Regarding this action at this place the admiral says: "It was clear to my own mind that the squadron would not have any great difficulty in forcing the surrender of the place, but the fact that we should be held several days in completing arrangements for holding it; that part of our force would have to be left to await the arrival of troops to garrison it; that the movements of the Spanish squadron, our main objective, were still unknown; that the flying squadron was still north, and not in a position to render any aid; that Havana, Cervera's natural objective, was thus open to entry to such a force as this, while we were a thousand miles distant, made our immediate movement toward Havana imperative. I thus reluctantly gave up the project against San Juan and stood westward for Havana."

Shortly after news was received that the Spanish fleet had appeared off Curacao, West Indies, and the squadron, under orders from the department, proceeded to Key West, to which place the flying squadron under Commodore Schley had already been ordered.

TRAILING CERVERA'S FLEET.

Arrangements were then hurriedly made and the flying squadron, augmented by the other vessels under Commodore Schley, was sent off Cienfuegos, where it was believed the enemy would go in, which case an effort was to be made to engage and capture him.

From messages received by the admiral from the department about May 20, it appears that reports had reached the United States that the Spanish fleet was at Santiago; so the department advised Sampson to send immediately word to Schley to proceed to that place, leaving one small vessel off Cienfuegos.

On May 21 instructions were written by Sampson for Commodore Schley and sent to him via the Marblehead regarding the possibility of the Spanish fleet being at Santiago.

The admiral, off Havana, gives copies of orders of battle which were to be followed in the event that Cervera left Santiago. Strict orders were given for screening lights and to see that none were accidentally shown.

The squadron was to cruise generally to the eastward in the day and westward during the night.

OPERATIONS AROUND SANTIAGO.

On May 23, as shown by the report, Commodore Schley expressed the belief that the Spaniards were at Cienfuegos. On the 27th the admiral sent word to Schley, directing him to proceed with all possible speed to Santiago because of information received that the Spaniards were there. The same time orders were sent to have the collier Sterling dispatched to Santiago, that the commodore should use it to obstruct the channel at its narrowest part.

Sampson apparently felt certain of the presence of the Spaniards at Santiago and urged that the harbor must be blocked at all hazards. Schley in the meantime had proceeded to Santiago. It was then blockaded. The admiral congratulated the commodore on his success and directed him to maintain a close blockade, especially at night.

Then follows telegrams from Schley showing that he had recognized the enemy in the port and from Secretary Long to Schley, pointing out that the most absolutely urgent thing was to know positively whether the Spanish was in the harbor. If they were an immediate army and navy movement was to be made.

Meantime Admiral Sampson had made arrangements to proceed to Santiago with a number of his vessels. He arrived there June 1.

Then follows a historical resume of the doings of the fleet while off Santiago. On June 8 the admiral urged upon the department as he had previously done, to expedite the arrival of the troops for Santiago, the difficulty of blockading the Spanish ships daily increasing. On June 10 a dispatch was received showing that the army expedition was temporarily stopped because of the reported observation of additional Spanish vessels in American waters. In a memorandum dated June 15, the admiral says: "The commander in chief desires again to call the attention of commanding officers to the positions occupied by the blockading fleet, especially during the daytime, and it is now directed that all ships keep within a distance of the entrance to Santiago of four miles, and this distance must not be exceeded.

SHAFTER'S CAMPAIGN.

The admiral reproduces the order of battle incidental to the landing of Shafter's army corps June 22, when ships were sent to shell the beach and cover the landing of the men. Sampson again urged vigilance on the part of the blockading squadron.

The admiral here remarks that much trouble was experienced in landing on account of the wandering proclivities of some of the transports, which had to be looked up. Disembarkation was also rendered somewhat difficult by a heavy sea.

It appears that Admiral Sampson was preparing a torpedo attack to hasten the destruction of the Spanish vessels.

On June 30 the admiral received a communication from Major General Shafter announcing that he expected to attack Santiago the following morning, and asking that he (Sampson) bombard the forts at Aguadores. This request was complied with, and on July 1 General Shafter asked that the admiral keep up his fight on the Santiago water front. On July 2 General Shafter urged that an effort be made immediately to force the entrance to avoid future losses, which were already very heavy.

A reply was telephoned from Admiral Sampson, which said the admiral had bombarded the forts at the entrance of Santiago and also Punta Gorda battery inside, silencing their fire and asked whether he (Shafter) wanted further firing on the admiral's part. The explanation was made that it was impossible to force an entrance until the channel was cleared of mines. To this General Shafter replied:

"It is impossible for me to say when I can take batteries at entrance of harbor. If they are as difficult to take as those which we have been pitted against, it will be some time and a great loss of life. I am at a loss to see why the navy can not work under a destructive fire as well as the army. My loss yesterday was over 500 men. By all means keep up fire on everything in sight of you until demolished."

Admiral Sampson then says: "I wrote General Shafter a letter, and began making preparations to countermine, and, with the object of arranging an attack upon the batteries at the entrance, a visit was arranged to General Shafter, so that the matter might be thoroughly discussed and combined action take place. I had in view the employment of the marines for an assault on either the Morro or Socapa battery, while at the same time assaulting the defenses at the entrance with the fleet."

The sortie of Admiral Cervera's squadron and its destruction on July 3 has been made the subject of a separate article.

arate paper and need not be repeated here. This event closes the purely naval campaign, crowning with complete success the anxious work of almost exactly two months.

Want Cuban Independence.

Havana, Oct. 24.—A secret circular has been sent to the presidents of all the Cuban patriotic committees denouncing a large number of Cubans who are looked upon as traitors to the cause of Cuban independence and are charged with being attached to the Americans. The circular recommends a vigorous contest against not only Spanish residents but against Americans as well "who are endeavoring to steal the Cubans' victory."

Don't Like the American Flag.

Havana, Oct. 24.—About 50 Cuban patriotic clubs have been organized in Havana under the management, in a large majority of cases, by physicians, lawyers and other professional men. Many of the members of some of these clubs attended the first meetings wearing the Cuban and American flags, crossed. The presiding officers of several of the clubs ordered that in future only the Cuban flag should be worn.

Killed His Wife and Himself.

Omaha, Oct. 24.—John Melchert, a Chicago photographer employed at the exposition grounds, shot and killed Lilian L. Morris, his affianced wife, and then committed suicide here. Jealousy of the woman was the cause.

JEALOUSY'S BLOODY WORK.

Double Murder and a Brace of Suicides by Two Frenzied Men.

New York, Oct. 24.—Two jealous husbands killed their wives and themselves in Jersey City. Henry Jones, colored, shot his wife to death and then sent a bullet into his brain at their home.

The police had barely completed their investigation and sent the bodies to the morgue when five shots were heard in a house opposite a church as the people were assembling to worship. Garrett French, a locomotive engineer, had mortally wounded his wife and wounded himself so badly that he died within few minutes. Jealousy was at the bottom of both tragedies.

Philadelphia's Peace Jubilee.

Philadelphia, Oct. 24.—The peace jubilee was fittingly opened with special services of prayer and thanksgiving in all the churches of the city, irrespective of creed and doctrine.

Sermons were preached on the inevitable horrors of war and the consequent blessings of victorious peace and there were services of song and worship on these themes.

It's All Smoke.

Paris, Oct. 24.—There is no foundation for the alarmist rumors regarding the relations between France and Great Britain. It is equally incorrect to say that extraordinary measures have been taken at any of our naval ports. The Fashoda yellow book is voluminous, but it does not include Major Marchand's report, which will be published later.

For the Wing Shot Championship.

Cincinnati, Oct. 24.—The inaugural contest for the sportmen's trophy, emblematic of the live-bird or wing-shot championship of America, will be held here Thursday, Nov. 3, at the three days' shooting tournament. The trophy is of gold and silver, value \$500, and a guaranteed purse of \$500 additional will bring here the best live-bird shots in America.

Cause of the Davis Disaster.

Portland, Ore., Oct. 24.—The fatal accident which occurred on the legal trial trip of the torpedo boat Davis was caused by the loss of water in the front boiler. The tubes in the forward end of the boiler became dry and overheated and nine of them blew out of the steam drums. The after boiler appears to be uninjured.

Founded in a Typhoon.

Astoria, Ore., Oct. 24.—The British ship Glendoon has arrived, 29 days from Yokohama. Captain Morrison reports that two British vessels, the Laurel Bank and the Heathfield, from Astoria, encountered a terrible typhoon soon after leaving Yokohama and it is feared that the Laurel Bank is lost.

Snow in Russia.

St. Petersburg, Oct. 24.—Snow has fallen throughout European Russia, except in the Crimea and Caucasus. Navigation of the Volga has been partially suspended, but the Baltic ports are still open.

Movement of French Troops.

Cherbourg, France, Oct. 24.—Orders have been received at the military and naval arsenals here to prepare for the arrival of a large body of troops. The barracks are being hurriedly put in order for their reception.

William's Gift to the Sultan.

Constantinople, Oct. 24.—Emperor William has designed a marble fountain which he proposes to erect in Constantinople as a gift to commemorate his visit and that of Empress Victoria to the sultan's capital.

DUEL WITH GUNS.

Picture of a Kentucky Beauty Leads to the Shedding of Blood.

Lexington, Ky., Oct. 24.—W. E. Singleton was shot and severely wounded by Major Thomas J. Carson, owner of the famous Dixiana farm. The affair occurred in the former's photograph gallery.

It appears that Singleton, or an assistant named Williams, had made photographs of Miss Mary Warfield, niece of Major Carson's wife, and a belle. He had placed one of the photos in his display case on Main street. A few mornings since the photograph was missing from the case, and when some time later Miss Warfield's younger sister called at the gallery, Singleton remarked that the photo was missing and told Miss Warfield to tell her sister that some one of her friends had stolen it, and that it must be returned or paid for. The message was delivered. Major Carson heard of it. He deemed it an insult. He went to Singleton's place, introduced himself and asked him if he had intimated that his nieces were implicated in the purloining of the picture. Singleton reiterated the statement made to Miss Warfield, and Major Carson struck him with a heavy cane behind the left ear. Singleton ran to a desk and secured his revolver. He fired two shots. Major Carson then drew a 38-caliber Colt's revolver and fired. Singleton fell with a ball in the left abdomen. Major Carson was admitted to ball.

A Negro Lynched.

Tompkinsville, Ky., Oct. 24.—News has reached here of the lynching of Arch Baur, colored, who committed an assault on and attempted to murder Annie Morrison, oldest daughter of Henry Morrison, a prominent farmer of Cumberland county. The members of the Morrison household were visiting in the neighborhood, except the eldest daughter, who remained at home to care for the house. Baur, unnoted, went direct to Morrison's home. Miss Morrison screamed for help when he entered. She fought the fiend with desperation, but the negro drew a piece of sharp iron, striking her two or three blows on the head and inflicting wounds that may prove fatal. He fled, believing his victim dead.

Bride Only Thirteen.

Richmond, Ky., Oct. 24.—The young bride ever known in Madison county has been licensed to wed here. She is Miss Nannie Jordan and is barely 13 years old. Her husband is William Laurison, aged 22, of Powell county.

Hunting For a Wife.

Louisville, Oct. 24.—J. W. Bradley of Horse Cave, Ky., came to this city to seek a wife. Mr. Bradley has been married three times before and has nine children. He is 59 years of age, but is hale and hearty.

Lynching Threatened.

London, Oct. 24.—The town of Shrewsbury and vicinity has been greatly excited over the trial of the Vicar of Ruyton and his wife for cruelty to two orphan nieces, who had been left in their charge. The children had been reduced to the position of drudges, their clothing was ragged and they were fed from a pig tub. The elder child, it was alleged, was strapped and beaten by the vicar's wife and was then kicked by the vicar. Both of the accused were sentenced to four months' imprisonment at hard labor. Dense crowds surrounded the courthouse during the progress of the trial and threats were openly made of lynching.

Drank Poisoned Water.

Joplin, Mo., Oct. 24.—Four persons have died from the effects of drinking water of the poisoned well near Aurora. Several weeks ago a daughter of John Black, a prominent Barry county farmer, was taken ill and her case was pronounced typhoid fever. Other members of the family became ill, and after lingering a few days, died. Mrs. Black, a son and two daughters succumbed to the mysterious ailment, and Joseph Black and another daughter are now seriously ill. All physicians are convinced that the trouble is not typhoid fever, but that the well from which this family obtained their water is poisoned.

Sacred Places Renovated.

London, Oct. 24.—The zeal of the sultan of Turkey to renovate every town and village in Palestine through which Emperor William of Germany passes has resulted in even holy places being vandalized. The historical house of Simon, the tanner, where Saint Peter lived has been painted bright blue, and its floors have been laid with colored tiles. Besides this the building has been inclosed by a gaudy fence, while a superb iron screen over a dome of rock, dating back to the days of the Crusaders, has been coated with yellow paint.

Ordered to Paris.

Manilla, Oct. 22.—General Whittier, the collector of customs here, has been ordered to proceed to Paris for the purpose of testifying before the United States peace commission there.

LOST IN A HEAVY GALE

Four Barges Cut Loose From a Tug and Collide.

ONE OF THE CREWS LOST.

After Strenuous Efforts in the Teeth of a Wild Storm the Others Are Saved From the Billows—Two Additional Boats Wrecked.

New London, Conn., Oct. 24.—During a heavy gale the tug Thomas J. Scully lost the barges Admiral, Camaral, Wyandotte and Atlantic by the tug's bawser parting.

Soon afterward the Admiral sprang a lead and collided with the second barge, which ultimately resulted in the sinking of the four barges. The men on the Admiral were lost, but the crew of the Scully, by means of line, rescued seven men, two women and a baby from the other barges. The rescued were taken aboard the tug one by one and the woman with the baby was dragged through the heavy sea apparently little worse for her experience.

An unknown schooner off shore about a mile and a half east of Bartlett's reef light, was also wrecked in the southwest gale and those aboard drowned. The accident was witnessed by several persons at Goshen, but there has been no wreckage washed ashore.

Another Vessel Wrecked.

Halifax, N. S., Oct. 24.—Tugs which have been endeavoring for hours to reach a large, square rigged vessel ashore on Thrum Cap Shoals, have abandoned the effort to save the crew of the unknown craft. The vessel was discovered on the rocks at daylight, having gone ashore in a heavy southwesterly gale. Only stumps of masts are visible from the signal station and five men have been counted on the deck of the stranded vessel.

Railroad Sold.

Arkansas City, Kan., Oct. 24.—The St. Louis, Kansas and Southwestern railroad was sold at auction here by Master in Chancery Hiram P. Dillon, under a decree of the United States circuit court, to satisfy a claim of the Farmers' Loan and Trust company of New York. The line is 60 miles long, running from Arkansas City to Anthony, and was at one time part of the Frisco system. The road and equipment was purchased for \$150,000 by Samuel Baker of Hamilton, Ont., as representative of the creditors.

Satisfied With Brooke.

Washington, Oct. 24.—General Brooke has made no mention to the war department of any discontent expressed by Porto Ricans over the retention in office by him of certain officials of the defunct Spanish administration. The department is satisfied that the general is managing affairs in Porto Rico with wisdom and prudence, and it would require very strong representations to induce it to interfere with the execution of his plans.

Exchange of Money Orders.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The postoffice department has arranged with the postal department of Japan

EVENING BULLETIN.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.
ROSSER & McCARTHY,
Proprietors.
SUBSCRIPTION PRICES OF DAILY.
One month..... 25 | Three months..... 75
12 months..... 120 | One year..... 250
MONDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1898.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS,
MORDECAI WILLIAMS,
of Boyd County.

THE Belleville (Ill.) News-Democrat says: "It is indeed a sad thing to note that more Americans were killed at Vicksburg than were killed in destroying the Spanish fleet. Think of it! We waged war against the Spaniards because they were oppressors of Cubans. What do we do with gigantic oppressors of workingmen in America? Allow them to replace already underpaid miners with Southern negroes."

ATTORNEY GENERAL GRIGGS denounced as "buzzards" all those who criticise Alger and who think soldiers entitled to decent food, careful nursing and healthy camps. It is evident that the boys in blue who could not eat decayed meat and who died for lack of the common necessities of life were not "buzzards," remarks the Chicago dispatch. But Attorney General Griggs must have thought them such or he would not have defended Alger for furnishing them with "food fit only for carrion crows."

CAPTAIN E. V. WALSH of the First Missouri volunteers, is an officer who has evidently not yet learned that Alger is "all right" and that the war department is a "model of efficiency." This information has not reached St. Louis, or if it has, not been communicated to Captain Walsh at any rate, for, after his men had been kept at Jefferson barracks for two days in a condition of semi-starvation and with no prospect of forthcoming rations he marched the whole company out of the camp and ordered them to go home and hunt up something to eat. They went. Captain Walsh, it is intimated, will have to face a court-martial in consequence.

MARK HANNA has sounded an alarm. He frankly tells his fellow-Republicans that there is a probability of the next House of Representatives being Democratic. "This is true," adds the New York World, "and no wonder. With the Dingley bill producing less revenue than enough to pay the ordinary expenses of the Government; with the scandals of the war on the Republican party's head; with the President's shameful abuse of his appointing power in filling the vital departments of the army with incompetents who had pull; with the records of sickness and death in all the camps, attributable solely to incapable administration; with Alger still holding office and controlling the army; with an exasperating war-revenue measure which even with the aid of the commerce-crippling Dingley bill produces a deficit of nearly \$60,000,000 during the first three months of the fiscal year—with all these facts in evidence it will surely be astonishing if the next Congress is not Democratic."

THE Fiscal Court of Nicholas County has issued an address to the voters of the county asking them to authorize the issue of bonds to pay for the turnpikes and thus settle the vexations question. The people of Mason County have the same question to settle. Here is what the court says in its address:

We appeal to the tax-payer, whether his tax be large or small, to take the business-like and patriotic view of the matter, and to vote and act so that we may be relieved of the troubles that beset us, and so that we may maintain the reputation for peace and good order that we have heretofore borne, and which is the aim of all good citizens. Those encouraging lawlessness, though not active participants, are as much to blame, morally, as those who commit the deeds. There is much to gain by voting the bonds; there is nothing to gain by defeating them, for surely, notwithstanding confusion in sentiment, expensive litigation and midnight wrecks of property, this property must eventually be paid for. The Constitutional provision "that no man's property shall be taken or applied to public use without just compensation having been previously made to him" cannot be avoided. Remember that those voting at the November election, and failing to vote on the question, will in all probability have their votes counted against it.

Pugh's Many Promises.

[Flemingsburg Times-Democrat.]

Pugh is having a hard time explaining why he promised so many different men the same postoffice when he knew he could not deliver the goods. And the meauest thing of it all was for him to throw the responsibility on the county committees of the various counties. But those who were deceived by him once are "onto his curves," as the base ball boys say.

THE BULLETIN is indebted to Captain Alex Johnson, proprietor of the new fish store at 238 Market street, for a bountiful supply of fish and oysters.

ROUGH TREATMENT.

Second Kentucky Soldiers in Bad Plight at Lexington Camp—Thinly Clad and Without Blankets.

LEXINGTON, KY., Oct. 21.—Camp Hamilton is dreary to-night. For twenty-four hours rain has fallen. The ground is thoroughly wet and provokingly muddy. To-night is very cold, so cold, in fact, that the men find it hard to keep warm under their blankets.

The Second Kentucky, in camp at Loudon Park, is in bad plight, and the men are really suffering. General Wilson issued an order this morning requiring every man and officer of the regiment to remain in camp, and instructed Provost Marshal Gaines to arrest all Second Kentucky men seen on the streets after 4 o'clock this afternoon. Colonel Gaither explained to General Wilson that his camp is unfit for men on such a night and asked that he be given lumber with which to make floors. This was refused. The result is that the men who have neither overcoats nor thick blankets are sleeping on the damp ground with only one blanket and a poncho. Major Surgeon Dade has made a protest to General Wilson against the condition of affairs. Some of the men were minus ponchos.

"It is shameful," he said to the Enquirer to-night, "that men are treated this way when there is no need of it. If we were on the verge of a battle and such hardships were necessary there would be some excuse, but we are here to be mustered out of service. We have no winter clothing or equipments. The majority of the men can provide themselves with comfortable places and should be permitted to do so. We have no duty to perform. There is nothing for us to do but loaf around until we are mustered out of service. I am satisfied that if this weather continues two days the result will be sickness and death to many men who are now in perfect health."

The reason that the Second Kentucky boys are ordered to remain in camp at all times is because of depredations committed by them," said a staff officer. "Complaint has been made that they have injured private property."

The Useful Banana.
[New York Times.]

Immense fortunes have been made out of the banana business. Revenues do not accrue alone from the sale of the fruit, for the leaves are used for packing; the juice, being strong in tannin; the wax found on the undersides of the leaves is a valuable article of commerce, manilla hemp is made from the stems, and of this hemp are made mats, plaited work, and lace handkerchiefs of the finest texture; moreover, the banana is ground into banana flour. The fruit to be sold for dessert is ripened by the dry warmth of flaring gas-jets in the storage places in which it is kept, and immense care has to be taken to prevent softening or overripening. The island of Jamaica yields great crops of this useful and money-making fruit.

WHAT WE GOT

When Puerto Rico Passed into Our Possession—Some Interesting Statistics.

[New York Herald.]

Puerto Rico is an island, 95 miles long and 35 miles wide, containing 3,668 square miles, about half the size of New Jersey. Vieque, an island 13 miles east of Puerto Rico, is 21 miles long and 6 miles wide.

The population is about 950,000, of which 300,000 or more are negroes and 90,000 native Spaniards. Vieque has 6,000 inhabitants.

The principal cities are San Juan (30,000), Ponce (15,000), Mayaguez (20,000), Aguadilla (5,000), Arecibo (7,000), Fajardo (9,000), Naguabo (2,000), and Arroyo (1,200).

There are 470 miles of telegraph lines and 137 miles of railroads, with 170 miles under construction.

The land along the coasts and in the valleys is generally level and fertile. The mountain ranges contain some gold, copper, lead and coal.

Puerto Rico's climate is semi-tropical, but generally healthful. There is little yellow fever and few other contagious diseases, despite bad sanitary conditions in the cities.

Annual Imports— Annual Exports—
Rice..... \$1,180,000 Office..... \$780,788
Fish..... 1,591,418 Sugar..... 3,717,891
Cotton & lard..... 1,221,101 Tobacco..... 646,556
Flour..... 982,222 Honey..... 517,746
Tob. (mid.)..... 663,141 Mol. (tons)..... 14,740
Olive oil..... 227,801 Cattle (hd.)..... 3,178
Cheese..... 321,127 Hams (tons)..... 30
Wine..... 395,656 Hides (tons)..... 169

San Juan, the principal harbor, is 1,420 miles from New York, 1,190 miles from Charleston, S.C., 1,200 miles from Tampa, Fla., and 1,000 miles from Key West, Fla.

His Life Was Saved.

Mr. J. E. Lilly, a prominent citizen of Haublind, Mo., lately had a wonderful deliverance from frightful death. In telling of it he says: "I was taken with typhoid fever that ran into pneumonia. My lungs became hardened. I was so weak I couldn't even sit up in bed. Nothing helped me. I expected to soon die of consumption, when I heard of Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle gave great relief. I continued to use it, and now am well and strong. I can't say too much in its praise." This marvelous medicine is the surest and quickest cure in the world for all throat and lung trouble. Regular sizes 50 cents and \$1. Trial bottles free at J. J. Wood & Son's drug store; every bottle guaranteed.

THE BULLETIN is indebted to Captain Alex Johnson, proprietor of the new fish store at 238 Market street, for a bountiful supply of fish and oysters.

ROYAL Baking Powder

Made from pure cream of tartar.

Safeguards the food against alum.

Alum baking powders are the greatest menaces to health of the present day.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

ALLEGRETTI, delicious chocolates, at Traxel's.

A FINE line of sterling spoons at Clooney's.

Ma. I. M. LANE is now putting in the Ort bowling alley.

FIRE INSURANCE.—Pickett & Respress, successors to Dunley & Baldwin.

THE Richmond, Irvine, Nicholasville and Beattyville railroad will be known hereafter as the Louisville and Richmond railroad.

MR. JAMES H. MARTIN's drug store at Winchester was damaged to the extent of \$1,000 by fire which started in a room overhead. Fortunately there was full insurance.

MA. JAMES W. MEFFORD, one of Dover's oldest citizens, was badly injured in a runaway. He is seventy-five years old, and is a brother of the late Rev. George Mefford.

THE residence of the late M. R. Gilmore on Limestone street was sold Saturday by Master Commissioner Kehoe. Mrs. Gilmore bought it, the price paid being \$2,490.

WHEN you buy anything in the jewelry line you make a big mistake if you fail to get the best. The best is the cheapest always, and that's the kind Ballegher sells.

SUBSCRIBE for the WEEKLY BULLETIN. Only \$1.50 will pay for the paper to Jan. 1st, 1900. Old subscribers can take advantage of this offer by paying up all arrearages and \$1.50 in advance.

BARKSVILLE Review: "Hon. Leslie Worthington, of Maysville, and Lawyer Bunting, of Cincinnati, are representing the Markley heirs in the case of Dr. Plummer against Markley estate."

THE H. E. Langdon grocery inserted a two-line local Friday and Saturday in the BULLETIN and Manager Kissmeyer says it brought the house at least \$50 worth of business. It pays to advertise.

THE funeral of the late S. F. Tolle occurred Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the family residence on Short street, Rev. Howard T. Cree officiating. The remains were buried in the Maysville Cemetery.

THE Messenger says: "There is every indication that Dover is soon to have a new Methodist Church. We understand that a party of C. and O. men were in Dover Thursday, and, after an inspection of the building, pronounced it unsafe and for no person to go about it. The building is on the south side of the C. and O. tracks in Dover, and it is rumored that the company will subscribe liberally towards building a new church."

Inopportune Deaths.

Julius Caesar was assassinated when he had almost completed the task of consolidating the administration and dominion of the Roman empire, and his death opened the way to that despotism and corruption which ultimately undid his work. Henry of Navarre was killed when he had almost healed the differences between Catholic and Protestant, which subsequently rent not only France, but Europe, and William the Silent also fell when he was on the point of uniting the Netherland provinces into a compact barrier against the encroachments of Spain.

IN English history Lord Clive died at the moment when he was the one man who could have saved the American colonies and kept the Anglo-Saxon race united, but there is the case of Mirabeau. He was literally the one man in France who could have averted the horrors of the revolution, saved and reformed the monarchy and so spared Europe the murderous career of Napoleon and all the devastation it brought. If he had lived ten or even five years longer, the history not only of France, but of Europe and the world, would have been different. It is in fact sufficient to say that he would have made both Robespierre and Napoleon impossible.

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THE Weather.

For Kentucky—Increasing cloudiness and rain in western portions; fair and warmer in eastern portions; south winds.

For West Virginia—Warmer and fair, followed by increasing cloudiness; south to southeast winds, becoming brisk and high.

For Ohio—Warmer, with increasing cloudiness and rain; south to southeast winds, becoming brisk and high.

For Indiana—Rain; warmer in eastern portion; increasing south winds.

"What is your name, Mr. Throgson?" "My name is Adam, Miss Well-along."

"And my first name is Evel Dear me! What a—what a remarkable coincidence."—Chicago Tribune.

MODEST-PRICED DRESS GOODS.

AT 50 CENTS.

We show twenty-seven styles—two long shelves full. Foreign made—at least many of them are, and all are worthy stuffs. A few minutes testing of the styles and qualities in this section will do more than a column of talk. The goods are 36 to 42 inches wide.

FANCY CHEVIOTS AT 25 CENTS.

A very unusual lot of goods considering the upward trend of prices. They look like the Scotch goods and are suitable for either women's or children's wear.

COLORED SERGE 29c.

Forty-inch all wool Serge—one of the stand-by plain fabrics. This is the old price and we'll continue it until this lot is gone.

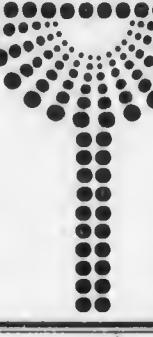
COVERT CLOTH AT 75c.

Fifty-two-inch satin-faced Covert, made nicely like the high-priced foreign goods. These come from a factory that never uses anything but wool, not a cotton thread. You will like them.

D. HUNT & SON.

CITY TAXES

1898



Tax receipts for 1898 are now in my hands for collection.

On all not paid by the first of November, a

penalty of 10 per cent. will be added.

J. W. FITZGERALD,

CITY TREASURER.

MADE FRESH DAILY.

TRAXEL'S

PERSONAL.

Judge Pugh was in town this morning.

Captain E. W. Fitzgerald, of Covington, was in town Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Gilmore, of Huntington, were here Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mannen, of Maysville, left for their home Sunday morning.

Mr. J. Kissmeyer, manager of the H. E. Langdon grocery, is in Cincinnati on business.

Mrs. Laura Dimmitt leaves this week to spend the winter in Cincinnati with her daughter.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Hunter, of Bourbon County, arrived Saturday to visit their many friends of old Mason.

Mr. A. H. Lamb leaves to-day to accept a position at Covington. His many friends wish him success at his new home.

Mr. Fred Frank, a popular ball player formerly with the Maysvilles, is here visiting friends. Fred is now a member of the Cleveland league team.

Mr. Dan Morgan, of Hillsboro, O., who was called here last week by the death of his mother, Mrs. Julia Morgan, returned home Sunday afternoon.

Mr. C. H. Stewart, of Indianapolis, is the guest of his cousins, Messrs. Mose and Henry Daulton. Mr. Stewart spent the last five years in Central America.

Mrs. Bettie Smoot and daughter, Miss Minta, of Louisville, arrived Saturday evening to attend the funeral of Mrs. Smoot's brother, the late W. C. Miner.

Mrs. Myron Park Davis and son, of Maysville, Pa., arrived Saturday on a visit to relatives, and are guests of her brother, Mr. E. H. Nesbitt, of Forest avenue.

Messrs. J. Wesley Lee, Sherman Arn and J. C. Rains, representatives of Lime-stone Lodge, left this morning for Middleborough to attend the meeting of the Grand Lodge of Kentucky K. of P.

Mr. A. D. Conwell and wife, of Uniontown, Penn., are the pleasant guests of Mr. A. J. McDonald and family at "Riverside." Mr. Conwell formerly resided in Maysville and will be remembered

THE BEE HIVE.

UNDERWEAR FOR OLD AND YOUNG.

For men and women, lad, lass and infant, you'll find our stock of Undergarments complete as to sizes and style, be your choice cotton, woolen, ribbed, fleeced lined, or Merino. Our lowness of prices, combined with superior quality, have made us easy Underwear leaders. We're showing a ladies' extra heavy Ribbed Vest with taped neck, the regular 25c. kind, for 15c. At 19c. and 25c. you'll find two leaders in Ladies' Vests that are fearless of competition. Extraordinary values in Ladies' Union Suits at 50c. Misses' and Boys' Union Suits, fleeced lined, ribbed, well fitting, of regular 40c. value, our price 25c. Men's heavy Undershirts and Drawers to match, 19c. each, for the Suit, 35c. Our very heavy Fleece Lined Underwear for men, sold by others for 75c., we've marked down to 45c.

HONEST HOSIERY HINTS.

We're makers of Hosiery and hence breakers of high hosiery prices. You'll find here a full-fashioned seamless heavy Fleeced Hose, sold by others at 20c. a pair; our price—the makers'—two pairs for 25c. Ladies' and Misses' Fleeced Hose, all sizes, three pair for 25c. No ordinary retailer can equal our Misses' Ribbed Hose (our own make) that we are selling at two pair for 25c. We save you the jobbers' profit of 30 per cent. on all hosiery.

SOME PRICE BREAKERS.

Heavy 10-cent Canton Flannel for 7½c.; Green Ticket Bleached Muslin 5½c. a yard. Ten-quarter Blankets 45c. pair. A regular \$1.00 ten-quarter Blanket 79c. Men's Linen Collars, all sizes, 4c.; Cuffs 9c. Best quality Table Oil Cloth 10c. a yard. White Tape, all widths, 1c. a bolt. Well made Comforts 39c. One box Black Pins for 1c.

These Are Only a Few of the Many Under-Priced Items.

ROSENAU BROS.,

PROPRIETORS OF THE BEE HIVE,

KINGS OF LOW PRICES.

Y. M. C. A.

The Reception Saturday Evening a Very Pleasant Affair—New Directors Chosen—Other Matters.

The reception at the Y. M. C. A. Saturday evening in honor of the new General Secretary Mr. W. G. T. Baker was a very enjoyable affair. The seating capacity of the parlors was not large enough to accommodate all who were present. In his welcome address, Rev. J. C. Molloy certainly voiced the sentiment of everyone who has the welfare and happiness of the city's young men at heart. The young men are the hope of the city, State and Nation, and the importance of leading the young men into lives that would reflect credit upon themselves, their city and Nation should be realized by all. He was glad to welcome Mr. Baker because he came as a representative of a great association that is engaged in the good work of trying to uplift the young men of the country and make of them all that they ought to be, physically, morally and spiritually.

In his response Mr. Baker urged his hearers not to forget that they all had a part to do in this work, and that the only way to insure success is for each to do his part.

The music and recitations were especially enjoyable features of the program. Mr. Flora, who has lately engaged in business in this city, sang a solo. He is a member of "The Kentucky Colonels," a musical quartette, and possesses a voice of great power and richness. His singing caught the crowd, and he had to respond to an encore.

All in all it was a very pleasant evening.

At the meeting of the Board of Directors Saturday evening, plans were discussed for the fall and winter campaign. The reading room is to be provided at once with the best periodicals, and the gymnasium and bath room are soon to be reopened.

Messrs. A. D. Cole, George Barbour and H. E. Gabby have been elected as Directors. Mr. Cole was chosen Vice President of the Board Saturday evening.

House Cleaning

Is made easier by a good chamois skin and sponge. The largest stock in Maysville to select from, at Chenoweth's drug store.

A SAMPLE of the largest and finest corn seen in Maysville this fall was brought to the BULLETIN office Saturday by Mr. R. H. Williams.

That Joyful Feeling

With the exhilarating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of Figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old-time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well-informed. Buy the genuine. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

Popular Concert To-night.

The first of a series of musical and literary entertainments will be given to-night in the main auditorium of the Christian Church. Admission free. The public invited. Following is the program:

Overture—Orchestra.
Piano Duet—Misses Hutchins and Berry.
Piano Solo—Mrs. Dr. White.
Song—Mr. T. Reed Chun.
Recitation—Miss Clinkenbeard.
Violin Solo—Miss Rogers.
Song—Miss Hays.
Selection—Orchestra.
Concert at 8 o'clock.

Bismarck's Iron Nerve

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25 cents at J. J. Wood & Son's, druggists.

INSURE to-day—the unexpected happens.
EDGAR H. ALEXANDER.

THE ODDFELLOWS' HALL CLOTHING STORE!

Why So Many Buy here, and You Should Too---

Because we have gained a reputation for selling only good Clothing and at moderate prices. You see more styles and better values at our house than any other in the State. That may seem strange, but it's true, just the same. People tell us so, and they know.

OUR FALL and WINTER STOCK OF CLOTHING

for men, boys and children is the largest we ever had. It matters not what you want, we can fill the bill.

The same can be said of our FURNISHING GOODS department. In this department you find the good and durable moderate price goods up to the very best made.

Our Shoe Department...

has quickly grown to be a feature in our business. Like in all our other lines we handle only the very best makes. Every pair of Shoes we sell we guarantee to wear all right. Look in our show window and you will see just what you want in the way of a nice pair of Shoes.

Hechingher & Co.

Notice!

We have moved our entire business to the plant formerly occupied by the Maysville Carriage Company, adjoining the new opera house. We now have one of the best arranged houses in the State. In addition to our already established lines of business we will manufacture a high grade of Buggies, Carriages and Phaetons. Will make a specialty of RUBBER TIRED wheels and all kinds of Carriage Repairing and Painting at Reasonable prices. We extend a hearty welcome to our friends and the public in general to call and see us in our new quarters when in need of anything in our line. Will take great pleasure in showing them through our stock. We employ only first-class mechanics and guarantee all work.

THOMPSON & McATEE.

Lots of people (good judges of goods, too) after carefully surveying the field, return to the

NEW YORK STORE

of HAYS & CO to make their purchase. We can show you a brand new line of JACKETS, CAPES, FUR COLLARETTES. Everything new and up to date—noting left over from last year; no cheap stuff. A Wool Cloth Cape at \$1.50, worth \$3. Seal Plush Capes at \$2.25, worth \$4. See our \$4 Seal Plush Cape, worth \$7. Finest Seal Plush Cape made, \$12, sells anywhere for \$15.

JACKETS

See our \$4 Jacket; other dealers that sell on credit ask \$8 for it. We have a very swell Jacket in blue, tan, etc., marked in other places \$15; we sell them at \$9.50. Come and see them.

FUR COLLARETTES.

We positively will undersell any store and give you better value for your money. Fur Collarettes from \$1.25 up to \$10.

COMFORTS and BLANKETS.

Blankets, good ones 45c. Extra large Blankets at \$5c. Comforts from 40 cents up to \$2.

HAYS & CO.

RIVER NEWS.

Good Rise Insures a Big Coal Run—Navigation Resumed to All Points.

As a result of last week's rains navigation has been resumed all along the line, and the big packets will all reenter their trades this week. A fifteen foot stage was expected at Pittsburg Sunday, and a shipment of about 5,000,000 bushels of coal is coming.

There is also a big rise in the Kanawha. The coal fleet from that stream and Pomeroy began passing Sunday.

The Virginia is due down this evening and Nisbett to-night.

The Cummings is to-night's packet for Pittsburg.

New Fish Store.

Captain Alex Johnson has opened a fish store at No. 228 Market street, where he will have on sale at all times a fine stock of fresh fish, oysters, shrimps and everything else in that line. He will aim to keep the market supplied with the very best and freshest to be had in the fish line. Captain Johnson formerly resided in Maysville and is warmly welcomed back by his old friends.

MISS GEORGIA HARBESEN, of Augusta, a sister of Mrs. J. W. Fitzgerald of this city, has accepted the position of instructor in music at the H. Thane Miller school in Cincinnati, one of the leading educational institutions of the Queen City. Miss Harbesen is one of Kentucky's talented and accomplished young ladies, and numbers many very warm friends in Maysville.

CATLETON News says Captain Wise, of Catlettsburg, who commanded the Yale in the late war, received \$9,000 as his part of the prize money arising from the sale of the Spanish ship Rita which was captured by the Yale.

Volcanic Eruptions

Are grand, but skin eruptions rob life of joy. Bucklen's Arnica Salve cures them. Also old running and fever sores, ulcers, boils, felonies, corns, warts, cuts, bruises, burns, scalds, chapped hands, chilblains, best pile cure on earth. Drives out pains and aches. Only 25c. a box. Cure guaranteed. Sold by J. J. Wood & Son, druggists.

Call and See

THE NEW

DINNER

....AND....

TOILET WARE

...AT...

BROWN'S

CHINA PALACE,

40 West Second Street.

WANTED—20,000 bushels of corn for export. Highest market price paid.

T. J. WINTER & CO.

THE remains of the late Dr. Ireland, whose death occurred last Thursday at Glen Este, O., were brought here Sunday afternoon and interred in the Maysville cemetery.

A business man is not the most patient creature in the world. He cannot wait to hear any long-drawn-out story of the cause of his ailment. He doesn't care two straws about a fine spun theory of how he should treat himself. He may be predisposed to scrofula, or consumption. "That," he will tell you "has nothing to do with the case." He wants to be well. If he can be cured, write out a prescription and send in your bill! So, here's the first part of the proposition.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is a microbe hunter and killer. Many persons of serofluous blood, encourage the breaking out of unsightly sores to prevent the disease going to the lungs. There is no need of this state of dread and discomfort. Purify the blood. It can be done. "Golden Medical Discovery" will cure 98 per cent. of all consumptive cases, also of all other lingering bronchial, throat and lung diseases.

A MENACING ATTITUDE

Assumed by Insurgent Forces
In the Philippines.

THEY MAY STORM MANILLA

Troops Have Had No Pay For Months.
Supplies Growing Scarce, and the
Men Are Desperate—Against
American Annexation.

Manilla, Oct. 24.—The attitude of the insurgent troops has become very menacing. Their supplies are growing scarce and they are becoming desperate.

Their leaders assure the troops, who have had no pay for months, that they will soon capture Manilla. The Filipino newspapers insist upon absolute independence and denounce annexation to the United States or an American protectorate with equal energy. The American authorities, naval and military, are taking precautionary measures.

The steamer San Nicolas, which left Manilla flying the American flag, was compelled to return by a Spanish gunboat, whose commander offered as a plea for his action that the crew consisted of Filipinos, who might smuggle contraband articles. The San Nicolas, after reporting her experience, sailed again, followed by the United States gunboat McCulloch. The insurgent schooner Mauriola entered Manilla harbor flying the insurgent flag, which was promptly hauled down by the Americans.

The commission of Spaniards sent here recently by General Rios, Spain's chief representative in the Philippines and governor general of the southern portions of the archipelago, arranged a temporary commercial convention. Accordingly inter-island traffic was resumed, but it is now again interrupted, this time by orders from General Rios.

Not the Proper Time.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Reports received at the war department from the American military commissioners in Havana indicate that the season had not yet sufficiently advanced in Cuba to make it even reasonably safe to send any large number of American troops to the island just now. According to the latest advices from General Meade, president of the American commission, it probably will be Dec. 1 before additional troops will be required in Cuba. This statement, in connection with the assurances that the Spanish officials are earnestly trying to complete the evacuation of the island has tended to reconcile the authorities to a postponement of the original date of the completion of the evacuation a month beyond the date originally fixed upon.

To Examine Assistant Surgeons.

Washington, Oct. 24.—An order has been issued by the war department directing the surgeon general to convene the board of medical officers to examine acting assistant surgeons now in the service and candidates for appointments. At the outset of the war and up to the present time appointments have been made by the surgeon general upon professional and such other endorsements as the candidates have been able to present. This course was necessary because of the urgent necessities of the service.

A Change Ordered.

Washington, Oct. 24.—Secretary Alger has just ordered that the Fourteenth and Fifteenth regiments of Pennsylvania volunteers be mustered out instead of the Second and Third regiments from that state. The Fourteenth and Fifteenth are now at Camp Mcade, while the Second and Third are in Philadelphia. It is understood that the change was made after consultation with the state authorities. The Second and the Third regiments are understood to be destined for Cuban garrison duty.

A Precautionary Measure.

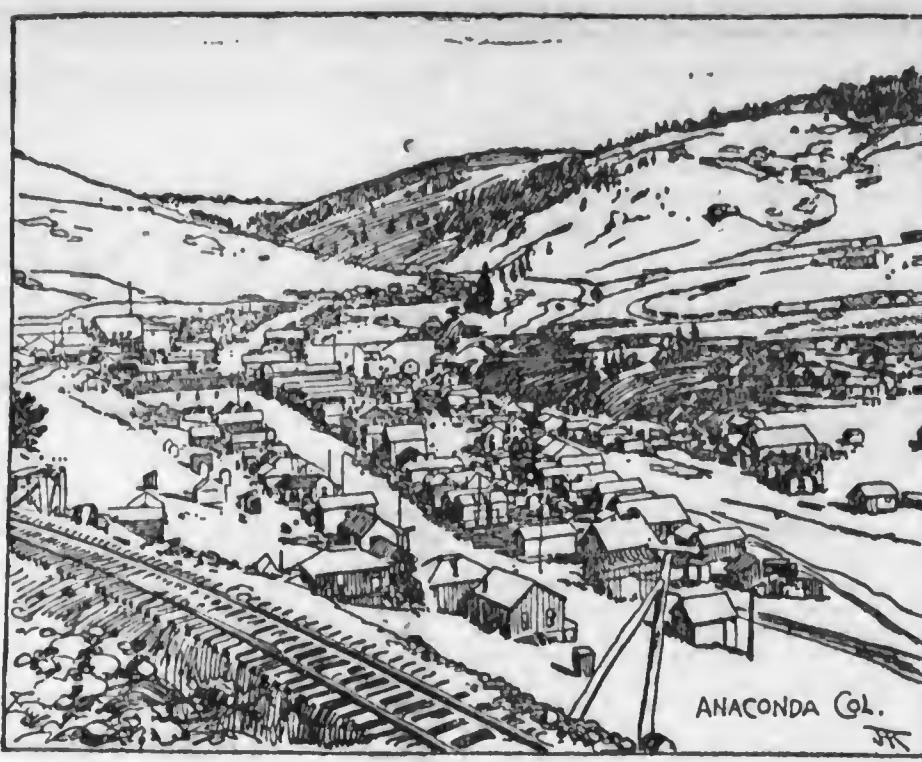
Washington, Oct. 24.—Acting Surgeon General Ballhache of the marine hospital service ordered the extension of the maritime quarantine service until Nov. 15. The action is of a precautionary nature and designed to avoid any possibility of entry of yellow fever from the ports in the West Indies. The regular inspection period heretofore has been from May 1 to Nov. 1, but the 15 days at the close as well as antedating the season last spring by commencing April 1 are felt to be measures of caution.

Military Postoffice at Cavite.

Washington, Oct. 24.—The postoffice department has ordered the establishment of a military postoffice station at Cavite, Philippine Islands, near Manilla. It will be known as Military Station No. 2 of the San Francisco postoffice and will accommodate a large number of our troops stationed at the arsenal and thereabouts.

War Against the Americans.

Havana, Oct. 24.—The Cuban general, Rego, has arrived at Havana from Puerto Principe, and is preaching in the cafes and the insurgent camps near the city a holy war against the Americans. He has interviewed many of the leaders of the Cubans and has urged the carrying on of war against Americans if independence is not at once granted to Cuba.



SCENES IN COLORADO—POINTS VISITED BY MEMBERS OF THE NATIONAL PRESS ASSOCIATION.

Sydney Smith's Joke.

Sydney Smith was very happy in his country life, and his children caught his spirit of delight over common things. They loved animals and spent long hours in training them. One little beast, a baby donkey, became under their tuition perhaps the most accomplished of his species and unconsciously gave rise to a quadruped which now belongs to the fame of Sydney Smith. The donkey was a well educated chap. He would walk up stairs, follow the family in their rambles like a dog and when they entered his meadow run to meet them with ears down and tail erect, braying joyously.

One day, when Billy's head was crowned with flowers and he was being trained with a handkerchief for a bridle, Mr. Jeffrey unexpectedly arrived. He joined in the sport and to the children's infinite delight mounted Billy.

Thus he was proceeding in triumph when Sydney Smith and his wife, with three friends, returned from a walk and took in the festive scene. The great man advanced, with extended hands, and greeted his old friend in an impromptu which has become familiar to the reading world:

Witty as Horatius Flaccus,
As great a Jacobin as Gracchus,
Short, though not as fat as Bacchus,
Seated on a little jackass!
—Yonthe's Companion.

The Death of Coaching.

The coaching system died a lingering, a lamentable death. I can remember something of a few coaches in remote districts which longest escaped strangulation, and memory of those distant days has been sweeter without them. They resemble what Nimrod describes as the obsolete, old fashioned coach of his boyhood, drawn by dispirited, ill fed jades over long stages. One of his paragraphs well describes what used to make my blood boil with impotent fury, imbibing the joy of returning home for the holidays, and deepening the depression of the schoolward journey:

"The four horse whip and the Nottingham whipcord were of no avail over the latter part of the ground, and something like a cat-o'-nine-tails was produced out of the boot, which was jocularly called 'the apprentice,' and a shrewd apprentice it was to the art of torturing, which was inflicted on the wheevers without stint or measure, but without which the coach might have been often left on the road."

No; the last of the road coaches, corruptio optimi—disappeared and left none to mourn them.—Blackwood's Magazine.

Dribbling Surgeon.

The autobiography of the late Rev. Charles H. Spurgeon contains an account of what may be termed an early business venture and its influence on his character.

Spurgeon was brought up on Watt's hymns, but not altogether willingly. His grandmother coaxed him with money to learn them. At first she gave him a penny, but when she saw how easily it was earned the old lady reduced the prize to a halfpenny and then to a farthing. There is no telling how low the amount per hymn might have fallen, but just at this time his grandfather made a discovery which seemed more desirable to Spurgeon.

He discovered that his house was overrun with rats and offered his grandson a shilling a dozen for all he could kill.

The occupation of rat killing gave him more money than learning hymns. "But," Mr. Spurgeon characteristically says, "I know which employment has been the more permanently profitable to me."

All Business.

"I'm afraid our new son-in-law isn't much of a business man," she said.

"Don't you worry about that," replied the old gentleman. "If he doesn't know how to make the best of a bargain, I don't know who does. The day before the wedding he discovered that Minnie had a freckle under her left ear, and he made me add \$1,000 to her dowry on the ground that the goods weren't entirely in accordance with the invoice. I was almost tempted to believe that he wasn't a nobleman at all, but a New England Yankee in disguise."—Chicago Post.

Stavanger, Norway, Oct. 24.—The Norwegian steamer Colin Archer, from New York for Stockh... is ashore in a critical position at Aarre Jaerderen,

Special Election!

STATE OF KENTUCKY,
MASON FISCAL COURT,
April Term, August 9, 1898.

Whereas, It is the sense of the Fiscal Court of Mason County that sixty thousand dollars in 4 per cent. bonds should be issued by said county with which the proceeds thereof, to be used in making the free turnpike system of said county, to follow the unmade turnpike roads, that is so much of said roads as may be situated in Mason County, viz: Maysville and Lexington, Maysville and Mt. Sterling, Mason and Bracken, Helena, Dover and Minerva, and Maysville and Helena roads. No part of said bonds to be issued, unless the Maysville and Lexington, Maysville and Mt. Sterling, and Mason and Bracken roads can be similarly paid off, and the proceeds of the same be applied to the payment of said bonds, after deducting therefrom the several amounts agreed by this court to be paid for the three other unmade roads, viz: The Helena, the Dover and Minerva, and the Maysville and Helena; the whole amount to be paid for the aforesaid six roads not to exceed (\$60,000) sixty thousand dollars. Be it therefore ordered by this court that an election be called and held in Mason County on the day of the next regular election to-wit:

NOVEMBER 8, 1898,

and that a poll be opened in each of the respective voting precincts in said county for the purpose aforesaid; the proposition to be submitted to the voters in the form of the question to be printed on the ballot as follows: "Do you approve of the issue of bonds to the amount of \$60,000 for the purchase and maintenance of the turnpike roads of this county, free of toll to the traveling public?" And the Sheriff of Mason County is ordered and directed by this court to advertise said election and the object thereof for at least thirty days next before the day thereof in some newspaper having the largest circulation in the county, and also by printed handbills posted up at least three for public places in each voting precinct in the county and at the court house door.

STATE OF KENTUCKY,
MASON COUNTY, } Set.
I. C. L. Wood, Clerk of the Mason County Court, do certify that the foregoing is an exact copy of the order of the Mason Fiscal Court made as it appears of record in Order Book No. 2, page 74, Mason County Fiscal Court Records.

Given under my hand this August 10th, 1898.

C. L. WOOD, Clerk.

By A. F. WOOD, Deputy Clerk.

In compliance with the above order of the Fiscal Court of Mason County, Kentucky, I. S. P. Perrine, Sheriff of the said county, will, at the next regular election held therein, on

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1898,

open a poll at each and all of the voting precincts in said county and hold an election therein, for the purpose of taking the sense of the qualified voters of said county as to whether the county of Mason, State of Kentucky, shall, subject to the conditions of the foregoing order of Mason Fiscal Court, issue bonds to the amount of sixty thousand dollars (\$60,000) bearing 4 per cent. interest, the proceeds of said bonds to be used for the purchase of the Helena turnpike road, and the Maysville and Bracken turnpike road, and Maysville and Mt. Sterling turnpike roads as may be wholly situated in Mason County. All legal voters in said county shall be privileged to vote at said election. The same officers that held the regular election shall hold this election, which shall, in all respect, be held in accordance with the general election laws of this State.

Witness my official hand, this October 3, 1898,
S. P. PERRINE,
Sheriff of Mason County, Ky.

Special Election!

STATE OF KENTUCKY,
MASON COUNTY COURT,

August Term, Monday, August 8, 1898.

On this day, C. D. Newell, County Judge of Mason County, presented and filed in open court the petition heretofore delivered to him, signed by (99) nine hundred and forty-one legal voters of Mason County, and asking for a vote in said county on the proposition to have free turnpike and gravel roads in said county, said petition being signed by a total number of legal voters of said county in excess of (15 per cent.) fifteen per cent. of the votes at the last preceding general or county election in said county. Be it therefore ordered that an election be held in said county at the next regular election therein.

NOVEMBER 8, 1898,

to take the sense of the qualified voters of said county upon the proposition to have free turnpike and gravel roads therein, and the sheriff of Mason County is directed to open a poll at each and all of the voting precincts in said county for the purpose of taking the sense of the qualified voters on the proposition aforesaid.

STATE OF KENTUCKY, } Set.
I. C. L. Wood, Clerk of the County Court of the County and State aforesaid, do certify that the foregoing is an exact copy of the order, as made by the Mason County Court at its August term, August 8, 1898, as of record in Order Book No. 1, page 116, Mason County Court Records.

Given under my hand this August 10, 1898.

C. L. WOOD, Clerk.

By A. F. WOOD, Deputy Clerk.

In compliance with the foregoing order of the Mason County Court, I. S. P. Perrine, Sheriff of Mason County, Kentucky, will, at the next regular election held therein, on

Tuesday, November 8, 1898,

open a poll at each and all of the voting precincts in said county, and hold an election therein, for the purpose of taking the sense of the qualified voters of said county on the proposition "To have free turnpike and gravel roads therein." The same officers that held the regular election, shall hold this election, which shall, in all respect, be held in accordance with the general election laws of this State.

Witness my official hand, this October 3, 1898.

S. P. PERRINE,

Sheriff of Mason County, Ky.

RETAIL MARKET.

GREEN COFFEE—per lb.	12@15
MOLASSES—new crop, per gallon	50@60
Gold Syrup	35@40
Sorghum fancy new	4@5
SUGAR—Yellow, per lb.	35@40
Extra C. P. W.	45@50
A. C. P. W.	5@6
Granulated, per lb.	6@7
Powdered, per lb.	7@8
New Orleans, per lb.	6@7
TEAS—per lb.	50@100
COAL OIL—headlight, per gallon	10
BACON—Breakfast, per lb.	12@15
Clear bacon, per lb.	8@9
Hams, per lb.	10@11
Shoulders, per lb.	8
BEANS—per gallon	25@30
BUTTER—per lb.	15@20
CHICKENS—Each	15@20
FLOUR—Limestone, per barrel	25@30
Old Gold, per barrel	42@50
Maysville Fancy, per barrel	37@45
Mason County, per barrel	37@45
Mountain Glory, per barrel	37@45
Roller King, per barrel	42@50
Magnolia, per barrel	40@50
Sea Foam, per barrel	40@50
Graham, per sack	42@50
ONIONS—per peck	25@30
POTATOES—per peck	15@20
MONEY—per lb.	12@15

THE bowling alleys at Electric Park have been rebuilt and arrangements made for heating the building.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.



CINCINNATI DIVISION CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.

EAST. WEST.

No. 16.....10:05 a. m. No. 19.....5:30 a. m.

No. 22.....1:35 p. m. No. 18.....6:10 a. m.

No. 18.....5:25 p. m. No. 17.....5:50 a. m.

No. 20.....7:50 p. m. No. 8.....3:35 p. m.

No. 4.....10:46 p. m. No. 15.....4:38 p. m.

*Daily except Sunday

F. F. V. Limited No. 2 arrives at Washington a 6:47 a. m.; Baltimore, 8:00 a. m.; Philadelphia, 10:1 a. m.; New York, 12:45 p. m.

F. F. V. Limited No. 3 arrives at Cincinnati a 7:55 a. m.

Washington Express No. 4 arrives at Washington at 3:45 p. m.; New York, 9:05 p. m.

Cincinnati Fast Line No. 1 arrives Cincinnati a 7:55 a. m.

Pullman sleeping car service to Richmond and Newport.

Trains 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20 stop at the Charles Hotel, Maysville, for passengers.

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